85mm

DESCRIPTIONGlycopyrrolate Injection is a synthetic anticholinergic agent. Each 1 mL contains:
Glycopyrrolate, USP 0.2 mg

Glycopyrrolate, USP 0.2 mg
Water for lajection, USP 0.8.
Benzyl Alcohol, NF 0.9% (preservative)
Benzyl Alcohol, NF 0.9% (preservative)
pit adjusted, when necessary, with hydrochloric acid and/or sodium hydroxide.
For Intramuscular (M) or Intravenous (II) administration.
Glycopyrrolate is a quaternary ammonium salt with the following chemical

name: $3 (\text{goctopentylhydroxyphenylacetylloxy} = 1,1-\text{dimethyl} \quad \text{pyrrolidinium} \quad \text{brown} \\ \text{The molecular formula is $C_0H_{30}BrNO_2$ and the molecular weight is $398.33.} \\ \text{Its structural formula is as follows:}$

Glycopyrolate occurs as a white, oddress crystalline powder. It is soluble in water and aborbal, and practically insoluble in chloroform and ether. Utilities attorous, glycopyrolate is comprehely insolute at thylosological pH values. Glycopyrrolate injection is a dest, colorless, sterile liquid, pH 2 0.30, the partition creditioner to glycopyrrolate in $\alpha - \alpha - \cot n c i$ water size yet, at another to on temperature (24°C).

CINICAL PHARMMCOLOGY

(Shycopyroble, like other articholmergic (antimuscarinic) agents, inhibits the action of accyloholme on structures innevated by postpandjoint circlinergic nerves and on smooth muscles that respond to accyloholme but lack cholmergic innevation. These peripheral cholmergic receptors are present in the autonomic effector cells of smooth muscle, cardiac muscle, the simutation node, the atmoverincuter node, exocrine glands and, to a limited degree, in the autonomic gengla. Thus, it diminishes the volume and free acidity of gastric sceretions and controls excessive pharyngeal, tracheal, and bronchial secretions.

Glycopyrrolate antagonizes muscarinic symptoms (e.g., bronchorrhea, bronchospasm, bradycardia, and intestinal hypermotility) induced by

bonchopasem, bradyvardia, and intestrial hypermolithy induced by cholmeging drugs such as the anticollaboratease.

The highly loader quatermary ammonium group of glycopyrolate limits its proposed process of the blood-brain between in contrast to almone sulfate and scopolariane hydroxromicis, which are highly non-polar testing various which peerful as pilot brainers easily. With intravenous injection, the onset of action is generally evident within one minute, following instrumental and administration, the onset of action is not on instruction of the proposal process of the proposal blooking effects persist to 2 to 3 nows and the antistial agogue effects persist to 2 to 7 hours, periods longer than for atropine.

Pharmacokinetics
The following pharmacokinetic information and conclusions were obtained for published studies that used nonspecific assay methods.

Distribution: The mean volume of distribution of glycopyrrolate was estimated in the conclusion of the conclusion.

Distribution: The mean volume or מוסטונטיים איני מיינים אינים אינים אינים אינים אינים מיינים אינים אינים אינים מיינים אינים א

standard. The mean clearance and mean T_c, values were reported to be 0.54. Exception The mean clearance and mean T_c, values were reported to be 0.54. 5.014 L/kg/hr and 0.83 ± 0.13 hr, respectively post IV administration. After IV administration of a 0.2 mg andiolateded glycopyroldial, 6.5% of dose recovered was recovered in the 8-hz busy postione and some of radiocity vilva size recovered in bile. After IM administration of glycopyroldials to adults, the mean T_c, value is reported to be between 0.55 to 1.25 hrs. Ozer 90% of IM dose administrated was recovered in urine and the bile as unchanged drug and half the IM dose is excreted within 1 hrs. The flowlings table summarizes the mean and standard deviation of pharmacolinetic parameters from a study.

Group	t ₁₂ (hr)	V _{ss} (L/kg)	CL (L/kg/ hr)	T _{max} (min)	C _{max} (mcg/L)	AUC (mcg/ L•hr)
(6 mcg/ kg IV)	0,83 ± 0.27	0.42 ± 0.22	0,54 ± 0.14	-	-	8.64 ± 1.49*
(8 mcg/ kg IM)	-	-	-	27.48 ± 6.12	3.47 ± 1.48	6.64 ± 2.33*

*0-8 hr

SPECIAL POPULATIONS

Gender differences in pharmacokinetics of glycopyrrolate have not been investigated

Recall Impalment: In one study glycopyrrolate was administered fil in uremic patients undergoing renal transplantation. The mean elimination Iral-fille was significantly forger (46.8 minutes). The main healthy patients (16.6 minutes). The mean area-under-the-concentration-time curve (10.6 hr-mcyl.), mean plasma clearance (10.4 pl. health and the plasma of the plasma of the plasma clearance (10.4 pl. health and the plasma of the

Hepatic Impairment:
Pharmacokinetic information in patients with hepatic impairment is unavailable.

Pediatrics: Following IV administration (5 mcg/kg glycopyrrolate) to infants and children, the mean T_v values were reported to be between 21,6 and 130,0 minutes and between 19,2 and 99,2 minutes, respectively.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

NINDCATIONS AND USAGE
In Anesthesia:
Glycopyroble injection is indicated for use as a preoperative antimuscarinic
Glycopyroble injection is indicated for use as a preoperative antimuscarinic
reduce salvany, transhedomochial, and phayngeal secretions; to reduce
the volume and free acidity of gastric secretions; and to block corduc
tagal inhibitory reflexes during induction of anesthesia and inituation.
When indicated, Opcopyrolate injection may be used initraoperatively
to countenest surgically or drug-induced or vegal reflexes associated
arrhythmus, Glycopyrolate protest segritist the peripheral muscarinic effects
(e.g., braybycardia and excessive secretions) of childrangia agents such as
nestiginine and prividestignine given to reverse the neuromuscular blockade
due to non-depolariting muscle relaxants.

170mm

Rx only

In Peptic Ulcer:
For use in adults as adjunctive therapy for the treatment of peptic ulcer when

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Known hypersensitivity to glycopyrrolate or any of its inactive ingredie In addition, in the management of people of other patients, because of the longer duration of therapy, glycopyroidae is any contributions of the longer duration of therapy, glycopyroidae injection may be contributionated in patients with the following concurrent conditions; glacinocure; obstructive unporthy for example, bladder neck obstruction due to prostate hypertrophy; cost nucleic decisions of the gashroidiseful france (an architecture) of the elderly or deallitated patient, unstable cardiovascular status in acute hemorrhage; severe ulcerative coltis; tooc majoration complicating decisionable collis; myseithemia granis.

WARNINGS
This drug should be used with great caution, if at all, in patients with glaucoma Depart to excessive amounts of bengi allother has been associated with toxicity hypotension, netabolic acidosis), particularly in neonates, and an increased incidence of kerniteure, particularly in small pretent infants. There have been rare reports of deaths, primarly in preterm infants, associated with exposure to excessive amounts of bengy alcohol. The amount of benry alcohol from medications is usually considered negligible compared to that received in that solidons containing benry alcohol. Allotination of high diseases of medications containing this presentative must belie into account to the property of the decages of medications containing this preservative must take into account the total amount of brury alzohol administered. The amount of brury alzohol administered. The amount of brury alzohol at which biocity may occur is not known. If the patient requires more than the recommended decayees or other medications containing this preservative, the paratitioner must consider the saidy nestable load of berryll adhost from these combined sources (see PRECAUTIONS, Pediatric Use). Glycopyrotales Injection may produce diversiess or blurrol vision. The patient should be cardioned regarding activities requiring mental alertheses such as operating a motor whellow or which content is a soft of the patient should be cardioned regarding activities requiring mental alertheses such as operating a motor whellow or which content is a superation of the patient should be cardioned regarding activities requiring mental alertheses such as operating a motor whellow or other machinery or performing hazardous work while taking this drug.

In addition, in the presence of fever, high environmental temperature and/or during physical exercise, heat prostration can occur with use of anticholinergic agents including glycopyrrolate (due to decreased sweating), particularly in children and the addety.

Diarrhea may be an early symptom of incomplete intestinal obstruct especially in patients with ileostomy or colostomy. In this instance treatm with glycopyrrolate injection would be inappropriate and possibly harmful.

Ceneral Investigate any tachycardia before giving glycopyrolate injection since an increase in the heart rate may occur.
I be with caution is patient with: coronary artery disease; congestive heart fallars, cardiac arrhythmias; hyperthrasion, hyperthryoldson, I be with caution in patients with renal falses so since the renal elimination of glycopyrolate may be severely impaired in patients with renal falsires. Dosag edustrentis may be encessary (see Pharmacokinetice - Renal impairment). Use glycopyrolate with caudion in the olderly and in all patients with autonomic neuropath; hypertic disease, laterathe collis profice (hypertopyr, or haital hemia; since articolneració drugs may aggravate these conditions. The use of articolneragic drugs in the treatment of gastric ulcer may produce a delay in gastric emplying due to antral statis.

Information for the Patient

formation for the Patient cause glycopyrobate injection may produce drowsiness or blurred sion, the patient should be cautioned not be engage in activities requiring ental alertness and/or visual aculty such as operating a motor vehicle or her machinery, or performing hazardous work while taking this drug (see

WARNINGS).
The patient also should be cautioned about the use of this drug during exercise or hot weather since overheating may result in heat stroke.
The patient may experience a possible sensitivity of the eyes to light.

The pattern may experience a possions with control may be proved the properties of physical trigicals. The concurrent use of glycopyrrolate injection with other articleolinergics on though the production of the

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis and Impalment of Fertility Long-terms tudies in animals have not been performed to evaluate carcinogenic potential. Studies to evaluate the mutagein potential of typicopyrnoiste have not been conducted. In reproduction studies in ratis, detary administration of dyoppyrratale resident in diministral ratios of conception in a dose-related manner. Other studies an dops suggest that this may be due to diministral seminal secretion which is evident at large doses of physopyrother similar secretion which is evident at large doses of physopyrother.

Pregnancy
Tentopenic Effects-Pregnancy Category 8.
Reproduction studies with glycopordate were performed in rats at a detary
dose of approximately 65 mg/k/day (excouser was approximately 200 limes a
member of the maximum recommended daily harmon dose of 2 mg on a mgm² basis)
and rabible at Intramiscular doses of 1 mg to 1 mgm² basis and rabible at Intramiscular doses of 1 mg to 1 mgm² basis, These studies produced no heratogenic effects to the feltus.
Because animal reproduction studies are not always precibitive of human response, this drug should be used during pregnancy only if clearly needed.
Single-dose studies in humans found that very small amounts of glycopyrrolate ngle-dose studies in ... issed the placental ba

Nonteratogenic effects
Published literature suggest the following regarding the use of glycopyrdate during pregnancy, Utilika atopsine, glycopyrobate in normal doses (0.004 mg/kg) dose not appear to affect fetal heart rate or felal heart rate variability as a significant deplece, Concentrations of glycopyrobate in subhibited venous and attential blood and in the annotic fluid are low after intramuscular administration to porturients. Therefore, (phospyrobate dos not appear to penetrate through the placential barrier in significant amounts. In reproduction studies in rists, Glery administration to plecyporyrobate resulted in diminished rats of pup survival in a dose-related manner,

It is not known whether this drug is excreted in human milk. Because many drugs are excreted in human milk, caution should be exercised when elycopyrrdate injection is administered to a nursing woman. As with other anticholinergics, glycopyrmolate may cause suppression of lactation (see

Podatric Use
Due to its beanyl abohol content, glycopyrrelate injection should not be used in secondars, i.e., patients liss than 1 month of age.
Safely and effectiveness in pediatric patients have not been established for the management of pepid ulcer.

Dysnlythmise associated with the use of glycopyrridate intravenously as a premedicant or during anesthesis have been observed in pediatric patients. Infants, patients with Down's syndrome, and pediatric patients. Infants, patients with Down's syndrome, and pediatric patients until specific patients with specific parayless or brain damage may experience an increased response to anticholinergics, thus increasing the potential for side effects. A paradoxical reaction characterized by hypersectability may occur in pediatric patients taking large doses of anticholinergics including glycopyrrollet injection. Infants and young children are especially susceptible to the toxic effects of anticholinergics. Bennyl alcohol, a comprenent of this drug product, has been associated with serious adverse events and death, particularly in pediatric patients. The "spesing syndromic," (characterized by orntall persous system depression, metabolic acidosis, quasiping respirations, and high levels of bencyl alcohol and its metabolites found in the blood and runin plan been associated with bennyl alcohol disagrees. 999 mpkydday'n in necretes and low-latifit-weight renorates. Additional sympomens may include gradural envolugical destroration, sezious, infrascranial hemorrhage, hemothologic abnormalities, skin beakdown, hepatic and renal fallare, hippotension, braduration and volume framework of bennyl alcohol at which toxicity may occur is not known. Premature and low-latifit-weight intensit, as well as patients receiving high dosages, may be more likely to develop boxicity. Practitioness administering this and other medications containing bencyl alcohol at double consider the combined daily metabolic load of bencyl alcohol from all sources.

Ceriatric tes

Geriatric Use

Clinical Studies of glycopyrrolatin injection did not include sufficient numbers of subjects aged 65 and ower to determine whether they respond differently from younger subjects. Other reported clinical experience has not identified differences in responses between the eldery and younger statistis. In general, dose exhection for an elistry potent should be cautious, usually starting at the world of the object group, reflecting the greater frequency of decreased hepatic, renal, or cardioc function, and or concomitant disease or other

ADVERSE REACTIONS

Anti-oblimergies, including glycopyrrolate injection, can produce certain effects, most of which are extensions of their pharmacologic actions. Adverse reactions may include a restriction of their pharmacologic actions. Adverse reactions may include aversational oily mouthly, utilizely hestimacy and retention; observed vision and protegologic due to myleriates (deliktion of the public syclopings, uncessed soular tension; bachycardin, publishion; worklooses, discriments, insornain, autualize, vanifling, importains, callegation of the public syclopings, insornain, autualize, vanifling, importains, publishion; vanifloation; consideration, insornain, autualize, vanifling, importain, publishion; of lactation; consideration; proteins, of years, and other dermail manifestations; some degree of mental confusion and/ or excliments, especially in feelorly persons.
In addition, the following adverse events have been reported from post-marketing experience with glycopyrotale injection religional; hypertension; hypertension; solvens; and respiratory arrest. Post-marketing reports have included cases of heart blocks and OTc internal prolongation associated with the combined use of glycopyrotate and an anticholinestense, injection site reactions including bruttus, edema, explimen and pain have also been reported. Clycopyrotate is chemically a quaternary ammonium compound, there, its pessage across light membranes, such as the blood-frain barrier is limited in contrast to atropine sulfate and scopolamine hydrobromise. For this reason the occurrence of CNS-related side effects is lower, in comparison to their incidence tollowing administration of anticholinergies which are chemically tertiary amines that can cross the barrier readily.

OVERDOSAGE

OVERDOSAGE
To combat peripheral anticholinergic effects, a quaternary ammonium ancitrolanesteranes such as necetiginine methylsulfatile (which does not cross the blood-brain barrier) may be given intravenously in increments of 0.5 mg in adults. This decage may be repeated every five to the minutes until antichilerergic overactivity is reversed or up to a maximum of 2.5 mg. Appropriously ameline doese should be used in pedatine guiseris. Indication for repotitive doese of necetiginine should be based on chose monitoring of the decrease in heart lear and the refutur of bowed sounds.

If CMS symptoms (e.g., excitement, resilisessess, convolutions, psychotic behavior) occur; projectorpine (vinit does cross the blood-brain braining may be used. Physeotigmine of 5 to 2 mg should be allowly administrated intervenously and repeated as necessary up to a total of 5 mg in addits. Proportionately smaller doese should be used in pediatric patients. It is combat hypotension, administrate Ir/ halds and/or preserv agents along with supportive care.

supportive care. supportive care. Supportive care developed produced to the care of the

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION
NOTE: CONTAINS BENZYL ALCOHOL (see PRECAUTIONS).
Parenteral drug products should be inspected visually for particulate matter
and discoloration prior to administration whenever solution and container

permit.
Glycopyrrolate Injection may be administered intramuscularly, or intrav without dilution, in the following indications.

Adults

Pranansteller Medication
The recommended dose of physophrolate injection is 0.004 maying by
International replacements of the artificiated time of induction of anesthesia or at the time the praneathetic narcotic and/or
seedable are administered.

sections are administered, inhimaperative Medical road or section and inhimaperative Medical road or section (Appropriate injection may be used during surgery to counteract drug-induced or vagal references and their associated arrhythmias (e.g., bradycardia). It should be administered introvelously as single doses of 0.1 mg and repeated, as reserved, at intervals of 2.0 a minutes. The usual administrative branches to determine the ethology of the arrhythmia, and the surgical examples of the arrhythmia, and the surgical examples of the arrhythmia, and the surgical performed.

Review to perform the examples of the arrhythmia of the surgical representative for the arrhythmia of the surgical representative for the arrhythmia of the surgical representative for the surgical representative for

Reversal of Neuronuscular Biochade
Thin recommended dose of glycopyrrollate injection is 0.2 mg for each 1.0 mg of
necetligmline or 5.0 mg of pyridostigmline. In order to minimize the appearance
of cardiac side effects, the drugs may be administered simultaneously by
intravenous injection and may be mixed in the same syringe.
Peptic Ulicer

Paptic User

The usual recommended dose of glycopyrrd ate injection is 0.1 mg administered at 4-hour intervals, 3 or 4 times daily intravenously or intramuscularly. Where more profound effect is required, 0.2 mg may be given. Some patients may need only a single dose, and frequency of administration should be dictated by patient response up to a maximum of four times daily.

Glycopyrrable injection is not recommended for the treatment of peptic ulser in pediatric patients (see PRECAUTIONS – Pediatric User).

Pediatric Patients (see PRECAUTIONS - Pediatric Use).

PROBLET FAMOUR PROPRIEST TO THE PROPRESS THE

^{fants} month to 2 years of age) may require up to 0.009 mg/kg

Intraoperative Medication

Because of the long duration of action of phycopyrostale injection if used as pre-neathelic medication, additional glycopyrostale injection for a startionisergic feels citizenge-arise in reserve length in the nevent it is required the recommended pediatric close is 0,004 mg/kg intravenously, not to exceed 0.1 mg is night does within my be repeated, as medical, at intervision 27 to 3 minutes. The usual attempts should be made to determine the elicitory of the arthytimia, and the surgical of ancesterior immorphisms of the composite of properties of the composition of the

necessary to correct parasympathetic imbalance should be performed Reversarl of Neuromuscular Biockade

The recommended pediatric dose of glycopyrrolate injection is 0.2 mg for each 1.0 mg of neostignnine or 5.0 mg of prytifostignnine. In order to minimize the appearance of cardiac side effects, the drugs may be administrated simultaneously by intravenous injection and may be mixed in the same

Glycopyrrolate injection is not recommended for the treatment of peptic ulcer in pediatric patients (see PRECAUTIONS, Pediatric Use).

in podalistic polients (see PRECAUTIONS, Pediatric Use).

Diluent Compatibilities

Decircles 9% and 10% in water, or saline, decircles 5% in sodium chloride
0.45%, sodium chloride 0.9%, and Ringar's Injection.

Diluent Incompatibilities
Lactated Ringar's solution

AMMATURE COMPATIBILITIES

Physical Compatibility.

This list does not constitute an endorsement of the clinical utility or safety of co-administration of glycopyrolate with these drugs. Glycopyrolate injection is compatible for mixing and principon with the following injectable decage forms: alropine salidate, USP Admillitume (physical USP, Inspirate' (depending lactable decage forms: alropine salidate, USP, Admillitume' (physositipumine salicyfulls); pending independing independent particular USP. Mechanome' Regional' (gipperding legical particular procession of the companion of the

Physical Incorrepatibility:
Since the stability of glycopyrridate is questionable above a pH of 6.0 do
not combine glycopyrridate injection in the same syrings with Brevital²
(methichatal hai; Chloromyeteri² (obtramphemicol Na succinately
methodratal hai; Chloromyeteri² (obtramphemicol Na succinately
dispersional Na); Second² (secolosithal Na); softium bicarbonate (Abbotty,
Valumo² (dispersymb.) Decadorin² (devantasone Na phosphastic or Tablini²
(pentazocine lactate). These midutures will result in a pH higher than 6.0 and
may result in gas production or precipitation.

HOW SUPPLIED
Glycopyrrolate Injection, 0.2 mg/mL, is available as:

0.2 mg/1 mL Single-dose Vials packaged in 25s (NDC 70069-011-25) 0.4 mg/2 mL (0.2 mg/mL) Single-dose Vials packaged in 25s (NDC 70069-

1 mg/5 mL (0.2 mg/mL) Multiple-dose Vials packaged in 25s (NDC 70069-013-25)

4 mg/20 mL (0.2 mg/mL) Multiple-dose Vials packaged in 10s (NDC 70069-014-10)

Store at 20° to 25°C (68° to 77°F) [See USP Controlled Room Te

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To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Somerset Therapeut LLC at +1 800-417-9175 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gmedwatch

LLC Hollywood, FL 33024

Manufactured by: Caplin Steriles Limited, Gummidipoondi - 601 201,

Made in India Code: TN/Drugs/TN00003457

ARTWORK INFORMATION Item Code: 13161005 Component : Leaflet Dimension: Length- 170, Height- 440 mm (Front & Back) **Customer Name: Somerset** Specification Substrate: 40 GSM Language: English Country: US Change History: New Artwork Colours: 1 BLACK Die Line & NVZ:

GreatFour Systems Private Limited



PRODUCT INFORMATION FORM (PIF)			
STATUS	Finalized, In Process with PD		
VERSION	1.0		
FINALIZED ON	30-10-2021 16:12:43		
INITIATED ON	05-10-2021 16:28:01		
PRODUCT / BRAND NAME	Glycopyrrolate Injection, USP		
GENERIC NAME	Not entered		
PLANT	Caplin Steriles Limited		
STRENGTH	0.2mg/mL		
PACK SIZE	1 per carton		
MARKET TYPE	INT - International		
MARKETS	USA		
LANGUAGE	English		
COMPONENT	Leaflet		
DOSAGE FORM	Injections		
DIVISION	Caplin Steriles Limited		
CUSTOMER NAME	Somerset		
WORKFLOW	Caplin Work Flow		
CHECKLIST VERSION	1.0 (7 Checklist points)		
CR NUMBER	Not entered		
CR DATE	Not entered		
CR DOCUMENT	Not entered		
REMARKS	NA		

COMPONENT	NEW MATERIAL CODE	MATERIAL CODE DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
Leaflet	13161005	Printed Leaflet Glycopyrrolate Injection, USP_Somerset-R0	Printed Leaflet Glycopyrrolate Injection, USP_Somerset-R0

RA INPUT			
SHELF LIFE	24 months		
MANUFACTURING LICENSE NUMBER	TN/Drugs/TN00003457		
RA REMARKS	NA		

QA INPUT			
REFERENCE MFR NUMBER	GPL/IA/CP4/US-03,G PL/IC/CP4/US-03,G PL/ID/CP4/US-06,G PL/IB/CP4/US-05		
SFG CODE	36160027,36160028, 36160029,36160030		
QA REMARKS	Nil		

GreatFour Systems Private Limited



PD INPUT			
FG CODE 56110139,56110140, 56110141,56110142			
PD REMARKS	Nil		

Finalization Summary				
ACTION BY	DEPARTMENT	ACTION	ACTION ON	COMMENTS
Aditya-Project Management Initiator 1	Project Management	Submitted	05-10-2021 16:28:31	NA
Vinuta-Regulatory Affairs Reviewer 3	Regulatory Affairs	Submitted	12-10-2021 10:29:19	Yes
Vishnumoorthi-Qual ity Assurance Reviewer 1	Quality Assurance	Submitted	21-10-2021 10:01:46	Yes
Mohan-Packaging Development Reviewer 1	Packaging Development	Reviewed	21-10-2021 17:17:33	Yes
Mohan-Packaging Development Reviewer 1	Packaging Development	Submitted	29-10-2021 09:25:18	Yes
Vishnumoorthi-Qual ity Assurance Reviewer 1	Quality Assurance	Reviewed	29-10-2021 10:44:41	yes
Vinuta-Regulatory Affairs Reviewer 3	Regulatory Affairs	Reviewed	29-10-2021 12:02:20	Yes
Ashok-Quality Assurance Reviewer 2	Quality Assurance	Reviewed	29-10-2021 16:26:27	Yes
Mohan-Packaging Development Reviewer 1	Packaging Development	Submitted	29-10-2021 17:07:32	Yes
Vinuta-Regulatory Affairs Reviewer 3	Regulatory Affairs	Approved	29-10-2021 17:23:28	Yes
Gopal-Packaging Development Reviewer 2	Packaging Development	Approved	29-10-2021 17:23:34	default approve comment
Vishnumoorthi-Qual ity Assurance Reviewer 1	Quality Assurance	Approved	30-10-2021 12:15:29	default approve comment
Ashok-Quality Assurance Reviewer 2	Quality Assurance	Approved	30-10-2021 16:12:43	default approve comment